



Research Article

ISAF PERFORMANCE IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS CONFORMITY WITH INTERNATIONAL LAW

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ABSTRACT

ISAF (international security assistance force) is an international force to assist the Afghanistan which has been established based on the united Nation thought. After September 11th, This force is formed when the Taliban government collapsed to assist transferring and stabilizing the government of Hamed Karzay in Afghanistan. The aims of this force were making secure and safe structures in Afghanistan and to reconstruct Afghanistan and training and forming secure forces in Afghanistan future. This research is trying to evaluate the ISAF performance in relation with the international law. According to the evaluations, the ISAF main activities in Afghanistan with international law and international regulation are compatible, but in some items that typically is related to the human law, it is against the international law and due to discrepancy with the international law such as causalities of ordinary people during fight against terrorism by ISAF is the sample of human right violation but does ISAF have any other solution except this way? Is it possible to kill a cancer tumor without killing any living cell by the chemical treatment?

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INTRODUCTION

According to the agreements 1386,1413,1444 in united nation security council and according to the seventh chapter of united nation charter and the international agreement items in 2001 this program was established in order to assist the safety to the transferring government in Afghanistan and performing programs and activities in united nation in that country (Fallahi, 2005). NATO has directed and controlled ISAF since 11th August 2003, the ISAF targets in Afghanistan generally included below issues:

- Making security structures in Afghanistan
- Realization of Afghanistan requirements
- Training and forming Afghanistan future security needs

it should be noted that following to the 11th September event in 2001 and according to the Taliban ignorance to the united nation alert about the delivery of Alghedeh heads to that country, the military forces of united states of America in addition to other 11 countries military forces which were member of NATO began wide invasion to Afghanistan by

documentation to statements in 1994 and 1990, fight with terrorism through the united nation, and the result was the Taliban forces collapse. The ISAF activity at the beginning was limited to the security establishment in Kabul and its surrounding. In October 2003 the united nation issued the ISAF commandment to cover whole Afghanistan and prepare the condition to develop ISAF commission (Khotie, 2008).

Countries included ISAF forces are:

Germany, Canada, French, Italia, Norway, Belgium, Azerbaijan, Bulgaria, Austria, Turkish, Macedonia, Slovakia, Slovenia, Croatia, Czech Republic, Denmark, Finland, Greece, Bulgaria, Ireland, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Poland, Romania, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, America, Portugal and Iceland (Khotie, 2008). According to the political direction from the north Atlantic council, the typical strategy for controlling, commitment of ISAF is based in Belgium united supreme powers station Muns city, the supreme station also support the ISAF international network solidarity and its activity which is involving the sharing countries that are not interact in Nato, by the SHAPE order the common forces government is responsible to send soldiers and provide missions and the governing the operational foundation between ISAF in Kabul and SHAPE strategic commitment (Lansford, 2002).

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The ISAF commanding center is located in Kabul and it is responsible to coordinate between the ISAF and international representative in Afghanistan, its government and international organizations which are active in this country. The ISAF forces economical sources are supported by the united forces. These countries support ISAF financially related to the established forces in Afghanistan that annually they have their special budget and it saves the financial supports in ISAF financial cash. United States of America provides the most portions in the ISAF financial cash. According to the Afghanistan special geographical condition, because it is the country that does not have any side to the sea and because Afghanistan people are shaped from different religions and tribes, this issue has faced ISAF with different problems (Musavy, 2002).

The ISAF security performance in Afghanistan is adorable as some regions in Afghanistan that daily tens of people were killed by Taliban but at the present time it has the acceptable security, other issues which cause security deprivation in Afghanistan people life could be pointed out as the drug smuggling in this country that many conventions also have been approved against the drug consumption. In Taliban government time we can say the drug production was one of the highest beneficial productions in Afghanistan but at the present time the production rate and this produce economy has reduced considerably. About other purpose of ISAF in Afghanistan that is training the Afghanistan forces, we can say the effective activities have been done as it is programmed during 2014 to protect the country military safety completely and it is delivered to the afghan military forces completely.

ISAF is shaped according to the 1386, 1413, 1510 statements and based on the north Atlantic treaty and the article 51 of united nation council and the ISAF performance in most items has conformity with international law and the ISAF different conference and agreements have been made in this field that some of them are the congress of first BEN, Tokyo, Berlin, London, Paris, Moscow and The Hague, Lisbon Does ISAF performance is parallel with international law? Our intention about this question is that whether the ISAF activities in Afghanistan are similar to the international law right or it have violated the international laws and it is not parallel with it?

Does the international organization have achieved its target according to the ISAF performance? According to the ISAF formation in Afghanistan, a new legal movement has been formed from the united nation, therefore the performance evaluation and the results of such organization as the international law seems essential and because up to now no special research has not performed, therefore it is really significant because the potential benefits could be accompanied with it.

ISAF EMERGENCE HISTORY

After USSR left the Afghanistan in 1989, the government was collapsed by the militia and after that many disputes made between the militia for obtaining the power and it led to many fights between them that continued for many years. In 1996 Taliban the Islamic movement that was shaped in 1994, Kabul city was captured and more than 90% were under control and special region was considered for militia that was the end for the internal wars between the militia and the beginning for Taliban new government for Afghanistan, (Eftekhary, in the

security effect event of 11th September, views and analysis) the strategic studies magazine, 5th edition, number 3, 4, fall and winter 2002. The bombing event in august 1998 in U.S.A embassy was attributed to Ben laden by the Clinton as the time president and he ordered to attack Alqhaedeh training camps in Afghanistan. In that time America asked Taliban to deliver Ben laden to U.S.A in 1999 and Taliban rejected that request. Following to 11th September in 2001 and due to lack of attention of Taliban who were the owner of Afghanistan government and they were ignorant to united states of America alert, the American forces accompanied to other 11 countries military forces which were typically the NATO member documented to the statements in 1994 and 1986 about fight with terrorism, through the united nation command started the wide attach to Afghanistan and its result was the collapse of Taliban government.

After the Taliban collapse in fall 2001, the BEN council which was formed by presence of political and military forces who were against Taliban was established to determine the substitution government and it predicted the 3 phases process to establish Afghanistan new government, this process was started from as temporal six months structure as the Afghanistan temporal administration and after passing a transferring government, it was concluded to the new government based on the new law for Afghanistan. The Ben laden agreement had two attachments that one of them was attributed to united nation role in temporal period and based on the first attachment of BEN agreement, it was assigned that until the military forces formation (national army and Afghanistan security, some forces by the united nation organization take the responsibility to protect the temporal government and forces that were formed in this way and they were named as ISAF in the form of international forces to protect Afghanistan. Provincial reconstruction team or PRT were the ISAF edge in Afghanistan, these small teams were included of military and none-military people that were active in different Afghanistan regions, in addition to patrolling and security operations, the reconstruction teams of ISAF also were participated in school and sanitary facilities reconstruction, water sources reconstruction and road making and providing agricultural technical provision and other military and none-military projects.

Training and directing

ISAF assists the national unites camps and national police of Afghanistan. This action included the support of national camps by application of groups of officers who are expert and with experience and also officers with high ranks who can direct and guide the Afghanistan national camp unites. But some of politicians have other point of view about ISAF targets in Afghanistan, they believe that America for maintaining its new order at the global that is the complete doctrine on the world, should take the key points in the world, Afghanistan is not the beneficial country economically, Kissinger 2002 but it has the key role due to below reasons:

- USA doctrine on Afghanistan avoids linkage of central Asian countries to china or Russia and making a power in the region. The United States due to having doctrine on Pakistan in free sea beach and occupation of

Afghanistan avoids shaping a new regional power as a communicational channel

- USA avoids shaping a power in the region through doctrine on the region and being closed to India and avoid a combination of china, India, Japan, Korea and East Asia and east south area
- USA has provided a paved path through doctrine on Afghanistan by preparing the oil and gas pipes from central Asia through Afghanistan- Pakistan to free sea and as the result the political and economical pressures of Russia and Iran is intensified.

America has avoided the formation of Islamic growth and as the result making other Islamic republic countries which are against America (Fallahy, 2004). According to the above reasons, making a unipolar system by America leadership without doctrine over Afghanistan is not possible as the result, America has to invest on the Afghanistan to achieve its targets.

The PRT specified duties are:

- Improving the security condition for afghan people through regional leader's communication and reliance making activities and pacifying the possible regions of contacts
- Supervision, evaluation and support of security correction proceedings
- Assistance to Afghanistan regional government in policy decision making
- Supervision and evaluation of military, political and public condition in determined regions of operation.
- Preparing the information by ISAF management in order to make a common image of operation in predetermined regions
- Assistance to international society in the correction process and strengthening the country public administration
- Preparing the basin for information cooperation between the Afghanistan government and other civil organization
- Assistance leadership in public section of Afghanistan as transportation and engineering and etc.
- Preparing for assistance by international supervisors who are active in the civil structures development filed (Ahmad, Dolatabady, development and reconstruction of Afghanistan, methods and challenges, Seraj magazine no. 6, 9th edition, summer, 1381.

Formation of ISAF should be studied in BEN agreement, Ben agreement was about the temporal government formation in Afghanistan and it was signed by the Afghanistan representatives in 5th December 2001 in Germany. This agreement is about establishment of temporal government in Afghanistan up to the time of permanent institutions formation in Afghanistan. This agreement by presence of international united nation representatives for Afghanistan prepared by the intention of finishing the war and the strategy in Afghanistan to make national friendship and stability and peace and respecting the human right in the country and the dependency reconciliation and national doctrine and land solidarity of Afghanistan by realization of afghan people right to select their future policy, democracy and presence of sects and different groups and social justice.

We should remind that the first step formation to establish a wide doctrine lacks gender distinction and also this doctrine was provisional and could not remain after the determined duration, therefore there should be a new security formation and reconstruction by afghan people, so other security regulations should be performed whose details are presented in attachment 2 of this agreement (Qhahreman, 2011). Some of western countries which are thinking to make defensive unity through united nation in 1948 in French- England countries, founded the Brussels treaty defensive system and in that year the Brussels signing agents made a series of discussions with America and Canada which led to signing north Atlantic treaty in 1949 for 20 years and other European governments also were invited to sign the treaty. At the present time NATO has 28 members, this organization is the unity of independent countries which have common benefits that is formed to protect peace, defending political freedom and military support and if necessary for protection for any possible invasion against each member. French in 1966 came out of NATO. NATO by the purpose of providing a defending shield is formed in relation with VARSHO treaty. The organization charter allows conformity with united nation regulations that making defensive regional organization and it declares that NATO is a defending treaty and it is the basis of NATO legal formation, article 51 of united nation statement is the base of defending in that charter, Yazdfam, 2005, based on the article 5 of this treaty, if one of the member countries is attacked militarily, each of other member enters the fight to assist the other party immediately and performs any suitable action individually or with agreement of other members as applying military forces to return the security and peace again.

Fighting against terrorism is one of the most important priorities in NATO treaty, following to 11th September event in 2001, NATO countries members entered the Afghanistan territory based on the article 5 of treaty supported the America and to fight with terrorism, NATO in Afghanistan had duty to control 280 thousands soldiers in the form of ISAF forces, these forces are combination of all 28 countries who are member of NATO and other 14 countries that are called the sharing countries like Australia, news land, Azerbaijan, Jordan, Singapore and U.S.A has the most portion among them and French and Ireland orderly have orderly most portion among ISAF forces. At the present time 50 countries have military forces in Afghanistan that are under the NATO leadership and give service in ISAF.

Administration of ISAF issues in Afghanistan has high cost that is provided by the allied countries, these countries related to number of their forces in Afghanistan provide financial support to ISAF. Annually the special budget is saved in the ISAF account; U.S.A has the most portions in ISAF financial cash provision. One of the most important factors that remove security in Afghanistan is presence of extremist groups specially Taliban as one of the symbols of terrorism in global society and this group with its irrational thinking has led peace removal and damages to the afghan people security that through terrible crimes in this country as suicide attaches and terrors and slaveries has killed many innocent people. Anti-terrorism convention was edited by the united nation opinion that by regional document is completed based on the solid legal basis to proceed against terrorism. The first document of convention is avoiding and punishing terrorist activities in 2nd of February

in 1971 from the American countries and based on this convention, responsible government made effective activities by each other cooperation based on their regulations to avoid and punish terrorism proceedings. Also European conventions in 27th of January 1977 in Strasburg signed an agreement that its main purpose is releasing special commitments as political commitments to put them among governments which are the member of this unity and avoid escape of such crimes committers. Other document of regional convention is about the fight with terrorism that is signed from the Asia south unity in 4th November 1987 in Katmandu and in September 1995 the Islamic united nation public complex was confirmed through statement 53/50 and this announcement was approved due to 50th year of united nation establishment, this council emphasizes on the importance of group action to destroy threats against governments and people which are victimized due to terrorism in all formations and methods, Gurtov in 2002.

By ISAF entrance to Afghanistan and as the result its activity in the field of making security in Afghanistan, proper development and results is observed in this field and at the present time Taliban forces presentation in many of regions in Afghanistan is reduced and became vague, in other word they have been removed from these regions for example in north regions approximately they are removed completely and other groups of Taliban and extremists and Taliban groups are concentrated in south area and in borders points. For example I was in Bamiyan province for 6 months and in many interviews with people in that region, people of that area declared that 10 years ago there was no life safety in that region as every day you see terror and murder but at the present time the safety is partially is maintained in the area that is the result of proper performance of ISAF forces and I saw daily patrolling of ISAF forces repeatedly, of other issues that disturbed Afghanistan people security could be assumed as the production and smuggling drugs in this country and other crimes which are linked to drug matter and its smuggling, so from the beginning of 20th century up to now the international conventions and global valid documents to avoid crime commitment have been verified as below and they are arrived to operational phase.

- Opium international convention that was signed following to the congress holding in 1909 of Shanghai in 1912 to 1914 by 11 governments agents
- Opium international convention that is verified in 1925
- The threat international convention, the construction and adjustment and drug material distribution verified in 1931
- the fight convention to fight with dangerous drug illegal transportation verified in 1936
- Drug material protocol verified in 1947
- Paris agreement verified in 1948
- Threat protocol and opium plant adjustment and production and international business and use of opium in 1953
- The drug materials treaty in 1961 that was corrected by the 1972 protocol
- The mental soothing material convention verified in 1971
- The convention to fight drug material smuggling verified in 1988

At the time of Taliban doctrine, we can say that drug production was one of the highest source of wealth production in Afghanistan but at the present time through ISAF proper reaction in preventing production and sale of drugs, the business of production of this product is reduced considerably as the north regions at the present time are cleaned of this product and other agricultural products are replaced (Daremy, 2009). Another threatening issue is the Afghanistan people security and mines availability in many lands of Afghanistan as Hamed Karzy the president of Afghanistan declared in the anniversary of mines removing to acknowledge its day in 2013: Appreciation of this day is really significant for we afghans and it has special meaning because we have faced too many damages compared to other countries by mines and we have faced too many destructions by mines and also he pointed out that in recent decades of 20th century our country is invaded again (pointed out to the Taliban and USSR invasion) and following to the different areas fights in our lands, Afghanistan has changed to murdering land by mines and people are faced with too many live and financial damages and still they are victimized. The 4th April is the global day of awareness about mine. Afghanistan beside Cambodia is the most dangerous land about anti-man mines and international attempts to avoid application of mine especially anti-man mines in the form of OUTAVA treaty in 1997 by the name of convention to avoid application, production and store and transportation of anti-man mines and destroying them has been illustrated. ISAF in the field of cleaning lands which are contaminated by mines in Afghanistan has great activity as at the present time the cleaning groups are working in different regions (Musavy, 2001).

One of the main purposes of ISAF in Afghanistan is training military forces of afghan soldiers so that the Afghanistan government could independently take the military commitment of their county by their own and through military system of Afghanistan their country is administrated and managed (Rashid, 2010). At the present time about 280 thousand soldiers of ISAF forces accompanied with 350 thousands of afghan soldiers are fighting against different groups which are opponent to the country safety, Nato wants to reduce its soldiers up to 2014 and witnesses prove that Nato wants to keep 8000 to 12000 of its soldiers in Afghanistan because Nato is careful about the Afghanistan government and this country security forces in maintaining security stability but at the same time Nato is prudent. Afghan governments and NATO believes that Afghanistan national camp is progressed very fast and could take the responsibility to maintain safety in the country up to the time international military forces leave Afghanistan to the end of 2014 and based on the schedule, NATO only will remain at the small portion of international forces to train afghan soldiers.

After the Ben congress, the Tokyo congress in 2001 was hold to reconstruct Afghanistan and by presence of 50 countries agents the congress was hold in Japan for 2 days and as the result 5.4 billion dollars was attributed to reconstruct Afghanistan and the assistance prepared in road making and telecommunication and commercial activities in Afghanistan that has been considered beneficial but in the macro economical level specially in the field of water and electricity and civil activities and making job no any potential activity has been performed.

Unfortunately some of these assistances is wasted by afghan government and in some of ideologists idea the effect of foreigner assistance is not more than 20-30% that the reason is mainly due to corruption between the governmental agents and organizations managers and commercial organizations owners as Hamed Karzy the Afghanistan president believed that the assistance in 20 past years to Afghanistan has had considerable improvement, if these supports were consumed actually in correct path, today the condition was better than what it is (Citha, 2002). In the field of social issues, ISAF specially through increasing the people culture has been effective through publishing different training magazines between afghan people whose content is mainly about the people daily problems for afghan people as drugs and in those magazine people are informed that they should avoid growing drugs and they are encouraged to sanitary trainings. As during past 10 years, the effect of these activities on Afghanistan society is identified. The growing statistics and consumption to drugs especially in the north and center of Afghanistan is reduced and the death percentage is reduced due to different illnesses and the public sanitation has increased. The tribe conflicts and religious discrepancies is reduced as in Taliban era for example a Sunni person if found in Shia region, in high possibility will be killed or in reverse if a Shia individual was found in Sunni region he was arrested and his punishment was surely death. But at the present time this problem is eradicated totally and the activities of tribes and religions inside the country does not have special problem.

Afghanistan in 1946 received the united nation membership and it had been loyal to all regulations and united nation statements and since 22nd October of 1996 to 22nd of March 2012 the united nation council statement has increased to 38 statements about Afghanistan. The Security Council verified the statement 1390 in 2002 in seven charts in which Afghanistan country was sentenced because it has allowed Taliban that Afghanistan remains the station for terrorism activities. The security council in statement no.1377 in 2001 assumed terrorism as one of the most serious threat for the international security and peace in 21st century that has put all countries and human in challenge. This statement in addition to take stable strategy and responsible society to have participation and cooperation in fighting against terrorism and beside other countries the regional international organization and regional organizations also were invited to battle against terrorism. The ISAF forces are shaped by NATO leadership in Afghanistan by the Security Council to protect international peace through statements 1386, 1413, 1510. Statement 1510 of united nation released the ISAF commission development competency and this statement is still extended the ISAF mission. This statement also extended ISAF mission up to 2004. In this field also has mentioned to the ISAF mission expansion in north, south, east and west of Afghanistan that according to this statement the ISAF forces had perfect progress in the field of maintaining security and fight against terrorism in these regions.

One of the most serious action made by the united nation to battle against terrorism is related to two important statements released about this issue after the 11th September event in America that means the statements 1368 and 1373. In these statements the wide responsibilities were considered. The Security Council with great courage has changed the

contractual duties to organizational duties that without any reasoning are forced to all governments due to united nation conventions (12 conventions) in relation with fight to terrorism. Of ISAF main duties in Afghanistan we can point out to struggle with terrorism that is totally in accordance to mentioned statements and the statement no.1373 of united nation which was verified in 2001 28th September. The international document about the peace threat due to terrorism activities and the statement 1368 of united nation which was verified in 12th September is considered as an international document about the peace threat and international security due to terrorism proceedings.

According to the article 5 of north Atlantic treaty, the signing countries have agreed that any attach against one or some countries which are member in Nato is assumed as the attach to all countries and as the result they agreed if such attach occurred, each of them in direction of performing individual or group right, based on article 51 of international organization charter, the government which is attached should be supported immediately by other members to return security in the Atlantic region and it could include using military forces and any attach and taken proceedings and as the result it is reported to the security council in united nation. These proceedings when considered essential by Security Council to maintain peace will be stopped, mass, 2002. The weaponry proceedings of ISAF in Afghanistan based on the NATO treaty could be regarded according to mentioned treaty that occurred to America after the 11th September event.

The summery about different operational congress related to Afghanistan

Since 2001 to December 2011, totally 11 international congress was hold by the Afghanistan centrality in different part of world that according to backgrounds of this congresses and the main centralities we can say that two congresses of Istanbul in November 2nd of 2011 and second Ben, December 5th, the first Ben congress location, actually followed the first Ben congress targets that were including of attempts to shape or improve the economic, political and official substructures in Afghanistan to attract the maximum financial supports to establish army and afghan national police and providing security in this country through obtaining military and political groups idea for government opponents to cooperate in political and security structure of this country. Ben agreement actually was temporal institution in Afghanistan to the time of permanent institution establishment and also as mentioned before to achieve this target it was necessary to provide security forces that formation of Afghanistan security force assistance ISAF was declared in the first attachment of this agreement.

By confirming to the requirement in keeping outcomes in past 10 years, respecting Afghanistan main law, women right and announcement freedom and by regarding the dominant condition in the region, strategic cooperation with U.S.A in order to provide political, economic and military security was assumed essential. Signing the strategic cooperation with United States of America in conformity with Afghanistan national benefits had high importance. In signing this document, America and Afghanistan were regarded as to independent countries according to the united nations charter, 2011 that by following the continuous responsibilities in

Congress during 2010 in Kabul and London (during 2008 and 2009) and also Ben congress in 2011, both parties emphasized on their administration based on the Afghanistan government institutions strengthening and increase the capacity of administration by the purpose of cooperation development for long run in mentioned issues strategically.

The ISAF performance positive aspects in Afghanistan

At the time of Taliban doctrine, the security condition in Afghanistan was in a condition that even Bamian province which is considered the safest province of Afghanistan at present time many innocent people were killed. And the interviews made by writer in 1991 with Bamian city showed that this event is real, while at the present time due to ISAF forces attempts, this region is the safest area in Afghanistan, also other province as Herat, Balkh and other north areas have partial security which were unsafe during Taliban doctrine.

Of other duties in ISAF forces we can point out to the Afghan forces training that in this field it has had perfect performance and in 2014 the most part of ISAF forces left the country and deliver the security control to Afghan forces.

But ISAF considerable activities was in the country reconstruction as the Nato members directly involved in reconstruction project or Nato member supported the reconstruction project financially or mainly they have prepared the base for reconstruction and perfect results have been made that we point out to some example, the project to excavate copper mine in Luger province and iron mine in Bamian province, Kamal Khan dam, Salma dam, the circular road, Bamian road, Dykoundy-Bamian road, Tippy project, new Kabul project and etc. about four hundred mines which worth more than 3 trillion dollars in 30 percent of Afghanistan land are realized and discovered and in statements given by the American defense ministry geologists, if such copper mines are discovered, Afghanistan will be replaced by Chili as the greatest exporter of copper in the world, *Zerizeh Afghan Magazine*, first year, volume 12, 2013, page 16.

Also supporting programs from ISAF countries side about the development and expansion of agriculture, medical activities and sanitation have had influential effect. In the field of economy compared to dark era of Taliban doctrine, Afghanistan has arrived to new phase that Mr. Ashraf Ghani the Afghanistan president has mentioned in 9th Aghrab 2013: the Afghanistan government will cooperate with private section and commercial gates and investment will be opened to all world. It should be noted that solving the election crisis between Ashraf Ghani and Abdullah, member of ISAF had influential role that is obvious for all.

Opponent aspects with international law or ISAF human right violation

Since ISAF presence in Afghanistan in different provinces, many military attaches has been done by the purpose of fight with terrorism and in such attaches specially air invasions in south provinces many innocent people including children, women, elders and non-militant people were killed or became homeless and according to the clause 2 from article 14 of human right about the public crime and non-political action or behaviors against regulations and international rules, such

missions are not allowed. In Bigram region that is located in 25 kilometers from Kabul, ISAF forces made many military stations that usually the military arrested individuals were poisoned in this area and released reports about method of torturing prisoners proves the human right violation and barbaric behaviors with them. According to the article 5 of human right announcement, nobody should be put under the aggressive torture or any action which is against the humanity and human right.

Conclusion

The international force to assist Afghanistan that is called ISAF is born of United Nations though and for the first time it started in Afghanistan and it is more than 13 years which passed from its establishment and by evaluation of purpose and ISAF performance in Afghanistan effective results are obtained that concentration on it could be beneficial in United Nations future decision making in similar issues significantly. Different countries cooperation even those countries which are not member in Nato can join ISAF and their assistance were considerable that declares the cultural enhancement and tendency of countries to peace and global stability that is the important target in United Nations establishment.

Among the main targets of ISAF we can name to: making security in Afghanistan country and helping to reconstruct this country and training military forces, two recent purposes had significant progress in making security in the country issues and various subject of matters that are at the peak including tension between tribes and region and their beliefs and up to the time the required culture making and tribes and religion friendship do not return, the proper security will not be possible. From the international law performance, ISAF is in accordance with international law and following to statements and regulations it has been operated and deviation from human right is observed lower.

The human international right is mainly presented in the human right violation subject, especially ISAF performance in the field of security making and fight with terrorism in some part of issues that is led to human right violation in Afghanistan that of course it is better for ISAF to make internal regulations or verify rules through United Nations or Nato to remove the international rights violation as well. About the reconstruction of Afghanistan either in civil field or in the economical field and cultural and social issues during these eleven years considerable results are observed that all of them are in the shadow of attempts made by ISAF in this country and about the trainings given to military forces, they have programmed in 2014 to make security in Afghanistan completely and this duty was transferred to Afghan military forces and Nato does not have any interference in this country.

Afghanistan geographical condition specially in the bordering with Pakistan that is the station for extremists as Taliban and Al-Qaeda and presence of tribes and regions in Afghanistan and extremist bigotries have high effect in lack of ISAF achievement in Afghanistan completely, political distinction between tribes and religions is also intensive in the field of government administration. Generally, the security and wealth among Afghan people is due to ISAF attempts and seriously we can say that ISAF forces removed barbarity and aggressiveness

which was dominated by Taliban to afghan people and they made a perfect future in afghan people mind. It seems that united nation following to fight with terrorism and assist to international security has had proper outcomes through ISAF and ISAF union has found stable condition

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